Print Date: Apr 4 2018 Description Date: Jun 13 2017 Describer: Andrew Brown; Jennifer Wood NEON Plot ID: SJER_030 Site ID: S2017CA039001

Pedon ID: S2017CA039001

Site Note: **Pedon Note:** Lab Source ID: KSSL Lab Pedon #: 17N0815 Soil Name as Described/Sampled: Friant Classification: Loamy, mixed, superactive, thermic Lithic Haploxerolls Soil Name as Correlated: Classification: Pedon Type: taxadjunct to the series Pedon Purpose: research site Taxon Kind: series Associated Soils: **Physiographic Division:** Physiographic Province: **Physiographic Section:** State Physiographic Area:

Local Physiographic Area: Geomorphic Setting: on shoulder of nose slope of hill on foothills Upslope Shape: linear Cross Slope Shape: linear

Particle Size Control Section: 25 to 46 cm.

Description origin: NASIS

Diagnostic Features: mollic epipedon 1 to 46 cm. lithic contact 46 to 200 cm.

Top De	epth (cm)	Bottom Depth (cm) Restriction Kind	Restriction Hardness
	46	200	bedrock, lithic	Strongly cemented

Country: United States State: California County: Madera MLRA: 18 -- Sierra Nevada Foothills Soil Survey Area: CA651 -- Madera Area, California Map Unit: AeD -- Ahwahnee and Vista rocky coarse sandy loams, 8 to 30 percent slopes Pit Location: Quad Name: Little Table Mountain, California Std Latitude: 37.1237720

Std Longitude: -119.7509491

Latitude: Longitude: Datum: WGS84 UTM Zone: 11 UTM Easting: 255603 meters UTM Northing: 4112146 meters

Primary Earth Cover: Grass/herbaceous cover Secondary Earth Cover: Savanna rangeland Existing Vegetation:

Parent Material: colluvium derived from granodiorite and/or residuum weathered from granodiorite

Bedrock Kind: Granodiorite

Bedrock Depth: 46 centimeters

Bedrock Hardness: strongly cemented

Bedrock Fracture Interval: 10 to less than 45 centimeters

Surface Fragments: 1.0 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 2- to 75millimeter Granodiorite fragments and 1.0 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 75- to 250-millimeter Granodiorite fragments and 2.0 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 250- to 600-millimeter Granodiorite fragments

Slope	Elevation	Aspect	MAAT	MSAT	MWAT	MAP	Frost-Free	Drainage	Slope Length	Upslope Length
(%)	(meters)	(deg)	(C)	(C)	(C)	(mm)	Days	Class	(meters)	(meters)
14.0	485.0	163						well		

Oi--0 to 1 centimeters (0.0 to 0.4 inches); slightly decomposed plant material; common very fine roots throughout; very abrupt broken boundary.

A1--1 to 5 centimeters (0.4 to 2.0 inches); brown (10YR 5/3) crushed sandy loam, very dark brown (7.5YR 2.5/2) crushed, moist; 55 percent sand; 38 percent silt; 7 percent clay; moderate medium subangular blocky parts to moderate fine granular, and moderate medium subangular blocky parts to moderate medium granular, and moderate fine subangular blocky parts to moderate medium granular, and moderate fine subangular blocky parts to moderate medium granular, and moderate fine subangular blocky parts to moderate medium granular, and moderate fine subangular blocky parts to moderate medium granular structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, nonplastic; common very fine roots throughout; many very fine irregular and common fine tubular pores; 10 percent nonflat subangular strongly cemented 2 to 76-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; neutral, pH 6.8, pH indicator solutions; abrupt wavy boundary. Lab sample # 17N04059

A2--5 to 13 centimeters (2.0 to 5.1 inches); brown (10YR 5/3) crushed parastony sandy loam, very dark brown (7.5YR 2.5/2) crushed, moist; 55 percent sand; 36 percent silt; 9 percent clay; moderate fine subangular blocky parts to moderate fine granular, and moderate fine subangular blocky parts to moderate medium granular, and moderate medium subangular blocky parts to moderate medium granular, and moderate fine granular, and moderate medium subangular blocky parts to moderate fine granular, slightly sticky, nonplastic; common very fine roots throughout and common medium roots throughout; many very fine irregular and common fine tubular pores; 5 percent nonflat subrounded weakly cemented 76 to 250-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 10 percent nonflat subangular strongly cemented 2 to 76-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 15 percent nonflat subrounded moderately cemented 250 to 600-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCI, 1 normal; slightly acid, pH 6.2, pH indicator solutions; clear wavy boundary. Lab sample # 17N04060

AB--13 to 46 centimeters (5.1 to 18.1 inches); brown (10YR 5/3) crushed very paracobbly loamy sand, very dark brown (7.5YR 2.5/2) crushed, moist; 72 percent sand; 23 percent silt; 5 percent clay; moderate fine subangular blocky, and moderate medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; common coarse roots top of horizon; common very fine irregular and common fine tubular pores; 5 percent nonflat subangular strongly cemented 2 to 76-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 15 percent nonflat subrounded moderately cemented 250 to 600-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 30 percent nonflat subrounded weakly cemented 76 to 250-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; moderately acid, pH 6.0, pH indicator solutions; abrupt wavy boundary. Lab sample # 17N04061, 17N04062

R--46 to 100 centimeters (18.1 to 39.4 inches); strongly cemented Granodiorite bedrock, fractured at intervals of 10 to less than 45 centimeters; Strongly cemented; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal.

Print Date: Apr 4 2018 Description Date: Jun 13 2017 Describer: Theresa Kunch; Cathy Scott NEON Plot ID: SJER_021 Site ID: S2017CA039002

Pedon ID: S2017CA039002

Site Note: **Pedon Note:** Lab Source ID: KSSL Lab Pedon #: 17N0816 Soil Name as Described/Sampled: Entic Haploxerolls Classification: Sandy-skeletal, mixed, thermic Entic Haploxerolls Soil Name as Correlated: Kernville **Classification:** Sandy-skeletal, mixed, thermic Entic Haploxerolls Pedon Type: undefined observation Pedon Purpose: research site Taxon Kind: taxadjunct Associated Soils: Physiographic Division: **Physiographic Province: Physiographic Section:** State Physiographic Area:

Local Physiographic Area: Geomorphic Setting: on backslope of side slope of structural bench on hillslope on foothills Upslope Shape: convex Cross Slope Shape: convex

Particle Size Control Section: 25 to 54 cm.

Description origin: NASIS

Diagnostic Features: mollic epipedon 0 to 54 cm. lithic contact 56 to 200 cm.

Top Depth (cm)	Bottom Depth (cm	Restriction Kind	Restriction Hardness
56	200	bedrock, lithic	Very strongly cemented

Country: United States State: California County: Madera MLRA: 18 -- Sierra Nevada Foothills Soil Survey Area: CA651 -- Madera Area, California Map Unit: AeD -- Ahwahnee and Vista rocky coarse sandy loams, 8 to 30 percent slopes Pit Location: Quad Name: Little Table Mountain, California Std Latitude: 37.1106884 Std Longitude: -119.7506089

Latitude: Longitude: Datum: WGS84 UTM Zone: 11 UTM Easting: 255591 meters UTM Northing: 4110693 meters

Primary Earth Cover: Grass/herbaceous cover Secondary Earth Cover: Savanna rangeland Existing Vegetation:

Parent Material: residuum weathered from granitoid and/or slope alluvium derived from granitoid

Bedrock Kind: Granitoid

Bedrock Depth: 54 centimeters

Bedrock Hardness: indurated

Bedrock Fracture Interval: 200 centimeters or more

Surface Fragments: 2.0 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 75- to 250millimeter Granitoid fragments and 5.0 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 250- to 600-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 5.0 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 600- to 3000-millimeter Granitoid fragments

Slope	Elevation	Aspect	MAAT	MSAT	MWAT	MAP	Frost-Free	Drainage	Slope Length	Upslope Length
(%)	(meters)	(deg)	(C)	(C)	(C)	(mm)	Days	Class	(meters)	(meters)
25.0	406.0	127						well		

A--0 to 7 centimeters (0.0 to 2.8 inches); dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) loamy coarse sand, very dark brown (10YR 2/2), moist; 88 percent sand; 9 percent silt; 3 percent clay; weak fine granular structure; soft, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; many very fine roots throughout; many very fine irregular pores; 4 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 2 to 75-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCI, 1 normal; abrupt smooth boundary. Lab sample # 17N04063

BA--7 to 18 centimeters (2.8 to 7.1 inches); dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) loamy coarse sand, very dark brown (10YR 2/2), moist; 85 percent sand; 11 percent silt; 4 percent clay; weak very coarse platy parts to weak medium subangular blocky, and weak very coarse platy parts to weak fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine roots throughout and common very coarse roots top of horizon and common fine roots throughout; common very coarse tubular and many fine irregular pores; 3 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 2 to 75-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; abrupt smooth boundary. Lab sample # 17N04064

Bw--18 to 32 centimeters (7.1 to 12.6 inches); brown (10YR 4/3) loamy coarse sand, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2), moist; 85 percent sand; 10 percent silt; 5 percent clay; weak medium subangular blocky, and weak coarse subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; few fine roots throughout; many fine irregular pores; 3 percent nonflat subrounded strongly cemented 75 to 250-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 10 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 2 to 75-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; abrupt smooth boundary. Lab sample # 17N04065

C--32 to 54 centimeters (12.6 to 21.3 inches); brown (10YR 4/3) very gravelly coarse sand, dark brown (10YR 3/3), moist; 98 percent sand; 1 percent silt; 1 percent clay; structureless massive; moderately hard, firm, nonsticky, nonplastic; very few fine roots throughout; many fine irregular pores; 20 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 2 to 5-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; very abrupt smooth boundary. Lab sample # 17N04066

R--54 to 200 centimeters (21.3 to 78.7 inches); indurated Granitoid bedrock, fractured at intervals of 200 centimeters or more; Very strongly cemented; common very coarse roots top of horizon; noneffervescent, by HCI, 1 normal.

Print Date: Apr 4 2018 Description Date: Jun 13 2017 Describer: Andrew Paolucci; Juliet Baker NEON Plot ID: SJER_024 Site ID: S2017CA039003

Pedon ID: S2017CA039003

Site Note: **Pedon Note:** Lab Source ID: KSSL Lab Pedon #: 17N0817 Soil Name as Described/Sampled: Tunis Classification: Loamy, mixed, superactive, thermic, shallow Typic Haploxerolls Soil Name as Correlated: Classification: Pedon Type: undefined observation Pedon Purpose: research site Taxon Kind: series Associated Soils: **Physiographic Division: Physiographic Province: Physiographic Section:** State Physiographic Area: Local Physiographic Area:

Geomorphic Setting: on backslope of side slope of foothills on backslope of side slope of hill Upslope Shape: convex Cross Slope Shape: convex Particle Size Control Section: 25 to 43 cm.

Description origin: NASIS Diagnostic Features: ? to ? cm.

Top Depth (cm)	Bottom Depth (cm)	Restriction Kind	Restriction Hardness
43	71	bedrock, paralithic	Weakly cemented
71	200	bedrock, lithic	Strongly cemented

Country: United States State: California County: Madera MLRA: 18 -- Sierra Nevada Foothills Soil Survey Area: CA651 -- Madera Area, California Map Unit: AeD -- Ahwahnee and Vista rocky coarse sandy loams, 8 to 30 percent slopes Pit Location: Quad Name: Little Table Mountain, California Std Latitude: 37.1073194 Std Longitude: -119.7515000

Latitude:

Longitude: Datum: WGS84 UTM Zone: 11 UTM Easting: 255501 meters UTM Northing: 4110321 meters

Primary Earth Cover: Grass/herbaceous cover Secondary Earth Cover: Savanna rangeland Existing Vegetation:

Parent Material: colluvium derived from granitoid and/or residuum weathered from granitoid **Bedrock Kind:** Granitoid

Bedrock Depth: 43 centimeters

Bedrock Hardness: weakly cemented

Bedrock Fracture Interval:

Surface Fragments: 2.0 percent nonflat rounded indurated 250- to 600-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 1.0 percent nonflat rounded indurated 600- to 3000-millimeter Granitoid fragments

Slope	Elevation	Aspect		MSAT	MWAT	MAP	Frost-Free	Drainage	Slope Length	Upslope Length
(%)	(meters)	(deg)	(C)	(C)	(C)	(mm)	Days	Class	(meters)	(meters)
22.0	392.0	135						well		

A--0 to 10 centimeters (0.0 to 3.9 inches); grayish brown (10YR 5/2) broken face sandy loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) broken face, moist; 70 percent sand; 26 percent silt; 4 percent clay; weak medium subangular blocky structure; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, nonplastic; common very fine roots throughout; common very fine irregular and common fine irregular pores; 2 percent nonflat subrounded strongly cemented 2 to 76-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; slightly acid, pH 6.3, pH meter; clear wavy boundary. Lab sample # 17N04067

BA--10 to 27 centimeters (3.9 to 10.6 inches); grayish brown (10YR 5/2) broken face stony sandy loam, 10YR 2/3 (10YR 2/3) broken face, moist; 68 percent sand; 26 percent silt; 6 percent clay; weak medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, nonplastic; common very fine roots throughout; few very fine irregular and common very fine tubular and few fine tubular pores; 3 percent nonflat subrounded strongly cemented 2 to 76-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 5 percent nonflat subrounded strongly cemented 76 to 250-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; slightly acid, pH 6.4, pH meter; gradual smooth boundary. Lab sample # 17N04068

Bw--27 to 43 centimeters (10.6 to 16.9 inches); brown (10YR 5/3) broken face sandy loam, brown (10YR 4/3) broken face, moist; 67 percent sand; 22 percent silt; 11 percent clay; weak medium subangular blocky structure; hard, firm, slightly sticky, nonplastic; common very fine roots throughout; common very fine tubular and few medium tubular and few fine tubular pores; 1 percent nonflat subrounded strongly cemented 2 to 76-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 5 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 76 to 250-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; slightly acid, pH 6.3, pH meter; abrupt wavy boundary. Lab sample # 17N04069

Cr--43 to 71 centimeters (16.9 to 28.0 inches); weakly cemented Granitoid bedrock; Weakly cemented; gradual wavy boundary.

R--71 to 100 centimeters (28.0 to 39.4 inches); bedrock; Strongly cemented; .

Print Date: Apr 4 2018 Description Date: Jun 14 2017 Describer: Andrew Brown; Jennifer Wood NEON Plot ID: SJER_023 Site ID: S2017CA039004

Pedon ID: S2017CA039004

Site Note: **Pedon Note:** Lab Source ID: KSSL Lab Pedon #: 17N0818 Soil Name as Described/Sampled: Ahwahnee Classification: Coarse-loamy, mixed, active, thermic Mollic Haploxeralfs Soil Name as Correlated: Classification: Pedon Type: correlates to named soil Pedon Purpose: research site Taxon Kind: series Associated Soils: **Physiographic Division:** Physiographic Province: **Physiographic Section:** State Physiographic Area:

Local Physiographic Area: Geomorphic Setting: on shoulder of nose slope of hill on foothills Upslope Shape: convex Cross Slope Shape: convex

Particle Size Control Section: 22 to 70 cm.

Description origin: NASIS

Diagnostic Features: ochric epipedon 0 to 22 cm. argillic horizon 22 to 70 cm. lithic contact 70 to 200 cm.

Top Depth (cm) Bottom Depth (cm) Restriction Kind Restriction Hardness									
70	200	bedrock, lithic	Strongly cemented						

Country: United States State: California County: Madera MLRA: 18 -- Sierra Nevada Foothills Soil Survey Area: CA651 -- Madera Area, California Map Unit: AeD -- Ahwahnee and Vista rocky coarse sandy loams, 8 to 30 percent slopes Pit Location: Quad Name: Millerton Lake West, California Std Latitude: 37.0864679

Std Longitude: -119.7194138

Latitude: Longitude: Datum: WGS84 UTM Zone: 11 UTM Easting: 258287 meters UTM Northing: 4107925 meters

Primary Earth Cover: Grass/herbaceous cover Secondary Earth Cover: Savanna rangeland Existing Vegetation:

Parent Material: colluvium derived from granodiorite and/or residuum weathered from granodiorite

Bedrock Kind: Granodiorite

Bedrock Depth: 70 centimeters

Bedrock Hardness: strongly cemented

Bedrock Fracture Interval: 10 to less than 45 centimeters

Surface Fragments: 2.0 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 2- to 75millimeter Granodiorite fragments and 2.0 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 600- to 3000-millimeter Granodiorite fragments

Slope	Elevation	Aspect	MAAT	MSAT	MWAT	MAP	Frost-Free	Drainage	Slope Length	Upslope Length
(%)	(meters)	(deg)	(C)	(C)	(C)	(mm)	Days	Class	(meters)	(meters)
11.0	332.0	117						well		

A--0 to 5 centimeters (0.0 to 2.0 inches); dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) crushed highly organic loamy sand, black (7.5YR 2.5/1) crushed, moist; 75 percent sand; 20 percent silt; 5 percent clay; moderate fine granular, and moderate medium granular structure; soft, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; many very fine roots throughout and common fine roots throughout; many very fine irregular pores; 3 percent nonflat subangular very strongly cemented 2 to 20-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCI, 1 normal; strongly acid, pH 5.5, pH meter; clear wavy boundary. Lab sample # 17N04070

BA--5 to 22 centimeters (2.0 to 8.7 inches); pale brown (10YR 6/3) broken face loamy sand, brown (7.5YR 4/3) broken face, moist; 75 percent sand; 19 percent silt; 6 percent clay; moderate fine subangular blocky, and moderate medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine roots throughout and few fine roots throughout; many very fine irregular pores; 3 percent nonflat subangular very strongly cemented 2 to 20-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; moderately acid, pH 5.7, pH meter; clear wavy boundary. Lab sample # 17N04071

Bt1--22 to 32 centimeters (8.7 to 12.6 inches); very pale brown (10YR 7/4) broken face sandy loam, brown (7.5YR 5/4) broken face, moist; 70 percent sand; 19 percent silt; 11 percent clay; moderate fine subangular blocky, and moderate medium subangular blocky structure; hard, firm, slightly sticky, nonplastic; very few very fine roots throughout and many very fine roots around fragments and few fine roots throughout; common very fine irregular and common fine irregular pores; 1 percent faint clay films on surfaces along pores and 5 percent distinct clay bridges between sand grains; 3 percent nonflat subangular very strongly cemented 2 to 20-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; strongly acid, pH 5.3, pH meter; clear wavy boundary. Lab sample # 17N04072

Bt2--32 to 54 centimeters (12.6 to 21.3 inches); very pale brown (10YR 7/4) broken face sandy clay loam, brown (7.5YR 5/4) broken face, moist; 60 percent sand; 18 percent silt; 22 percent clay; moderate fine subangular blocky, and moderate medium subangular blocky, and moderate coarse subangular blocky structure; very hard, very firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; very few very fine roots throughout; few very fine irregular and common fine tubular pores; 2 percent faint clay films on surfaces along pores and 5 percent faint clay films on all faces of peds and 15 percent distinct clay bridges between sand grains; 5 percent nonflat subangular very strongly cemented 2 to 20-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; strongly acid, pH 5.3, pH meter; gradual wavy boundary. Lab sample # 17N04073

BCt--54 to 70 centimeters (21.3 to 27.6 inches); very pale brown (10YR 7/4) broken face sandy loam, brown (7.5YR 5/4) broken face, moist; 70 percent sand; 17 percent silt; 13 percent clay; moderate fine subangular blocky, and moderate medium subangular blocky structure; hard, firm, slightly sticky, nonplastic; very few very fine roots throughout and many very fine roots around fragments; common very fine irregular and common fine tubular pores; 1 percent faint clay films on surfaces along pores and 5 percent distinct clay bridges between sand grains; 5 percent nonflat subangular very strongly cemented 2 to 20-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 5 percent nonflat subangular very strongly cemented 20 to 75-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; strongly acid, pH 5.2, pH meter; abrupt irregular boundary. Lab sample # 17N04074

R--70 to 200 centimeters (27.6 to 78.7 inches); strongly cemented Granodiorite bedrock, fractured at intervals of 10 to less than 45 centimeters; Strongly cemented; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal.

Print Date: Apr 4 2018 Description Date: Jun 14 2017 Describer: Cathy Scott; Julie Baker NEON Plot ID: SJER_014 Site ID: S2017CA039005

Pedon ID: S2017CA039005

Site Note: **Pedon Note:** Lab Source ID: KSSL Lab Pedon #: 17N0819 Soil Name as Described/Sampled: Ahwahnee Classification: Coarse-loamy, mixed, active, thermic Mollic Haploxeralfs Soil Name as Correlated: Classification: Pedon Type: correlates to named soil Pedon Purpose: research site Taxon Kind: series Associated Soils: **Physiographic Division: Physiographic Province: Physiographic Section:** State Physiographic Area:

Local Physiographic Area: Geomorphic Setting: on backslope of nose slope of hill on foothills Upslope Shape: linear Cross Slope Shape: convex

Particle Size Control Section: 45 to 95 cm.

Description origin: NASIS

Diagnostic Features: ochric epipedon 0 to 18 cm. cambic horizon 18 to 45 cm. argillic horizon 45 to 97 cm. lithic contact 97 to 200 cm.

Top Depth (cm)	Bottom Depth (cm)	Restriction Kind	Restriction Hardness
97	200	bedrock, lithic	Very strongly cemented

Country: United States State: California County: Madera MLRA: 18 -- Sierra Nevada Foothills Soil Survey Area: CA651 -- Madera Area, California Map Unit: ArF -- Ahwahnee and Vista very rocky coarse sandy loams, 30 to 75 percent slopes Pit Location: Quad Name: Millerton Lake West, California Std Latitude: 37.0786863 Std Longitude: -119.7204710

Latitude: Longitude: Datum: WGS84 UTM Zone: 11 UTM Easting: 258168 meters UTM Northing: 4107064 meters

Primary Earth Cover: Grass/herbaceous cover Secondary Earth Cover: Grassland rangeland Existing Vegetation:

Parent Material: colluvium derived from granitoid and/or residuum weathered from granitoid

Bedrock Kind: Granitoid

Bedrock Depth: 97 centimeters

Bedrock Hardness: indurated

Bedrock Fracture Interval: 200 centimeters or more

Surface Fragments: 1.0 percent nonflat subrounded indurated 250- to 600-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 1.0 percent nonflat subrounded indurated 600- to 3000-millimeter Granitoid fragments

Slope	Elevation	Aspect	MAAT	MSAT	MWAT	MAP	Frost-Free	Drainage	Slope Length	Upslope Length
(%)	(meters)	(deg)	(C)	(C)	(C)	(mm)	Davs	Class	(meters)	(meters)
30.0	283.0	170				()		well		(

A--0 to 18 centimeters (0.0 to 7.1 inches); sandy loam; 72 percent sand; 24 percent silt; 4 percent clay; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, nonplastic; many very fine roots throughout and few fine roots throughout; common very fine irregular and common very coarse tubular and common medium tubular and common fine irregular pores; 7 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 2 to 5-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; moderately acid, pH 6.0, pH indicator solutions; abrupt wavy boundary. Lab sample # 17N04075

Bt1--18 to 45 centimeters (7.1 to 17.7 inches); coarse sandy loam; 72 percent sand; 23 percent silt; 5 percent clay; moderately hard, firm, slightly sticky, nonplastic; common very fine roots throughout; common very fine irregular and common medium tubular and common coarse tubular pores; 5 percent distinct clay bridges between sand grains and 15 percent distinct clay films on all faces of peds; 2 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 75 to 250-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 4 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 20 to 75-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 5 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented; nonffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; strongly acid, pH 5.4, pH indicator solutions; clear wavy boundary. Lab sample # 17N04076

Bt2--45 to 88 centimeters (17.7 to 34.6 inches); coarse sandy loam; 65 percent sand; 20 percent silt; 15 percent clay; very hard, extremely firm, moderately sticky, nonplastic; very few very fine roots throughout; common very fine irregular pores; 15 percent distinct clay bridges between sand grains and 40 percent distinct clay films on all faces of peds; 8 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 2 to 5-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCI, 1 normal; moderately acid, pH 5.6, pH indicator solutions; abrupt smooth boundary. Lab sample # 17N04077

BCt--88 to 97 centimeters (34.6 to 38.2 inches); sandy loam; 60 percent sand; 24 percent silt; 16 percent clay; slightly hard, friable, moderately sticky, nonplastic; common very fine irregular pores; 15 percent distinct clay bridges between sand grains; 7 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 2 to 5-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; moderately acid, pH 5.6, pH indicator solutions; abrupt wavy boundary. Lab sample # 17N04078

R--97 to 102 centimeters (38.2 to 40.2 inches); indurated Granitoid bedrock, fractured at intervals of 200 centimeters or more; Indurated; .

Print Date: Apr 4 2018 Description Date: Jun 14 2017 Describer: Theresa Kunch; Andrew Paolucci NEON Plot ID: SJER_013 Site ID: S2017CA039006

Pedon ID: S2017CA039006

Site Note: **Pedon Note:** Lab Source ID: KSSL Lab Pedon #: 17N0820 Soil Name as Described/Sampled: Vista Classification: Sandy, mixed, thermic Entic Humixerepts Soil Name as Correlated: Classification: Pedon Type: taxadjunct to the series Pedon Purpose: research site Taxon Kind: taxadjunct Associated Soils: **Physiographic Division: Physiographic Province: Physiographic Section:** State Physiographic Area:

Local Physiographic Area:

Geomorphic Setting: on backslope of side slope of foothills on backslope of side slope of hill

Upslope Shape: linear

Cross Slope Shape: convex Particle Size Control Section: 25 to 64 cm.

Description origin: NASIS

Diagnostic Features: mollic epipedon 0 to 32 cm. paralithic contact 64 to 93 cm. lithic contact 93 to 200 cm.

Top Depth (cm)	Bottom Depth (cm)	Restriction Kind	Restriction Hardness
64	93	bedrock, paralithic	Moderately cemented
93	200	bedrock, lithic	Strongly cemented

Country: United States State: California County: Madera MLRA: 18 -- Sierra Nevada Foothills Soil Survey Area: CA651 -- Madera Area, California Map Unit: AeD -- Ahwahnee and Vista rocky coarse sandy loams, 8 to 30 percent slopes Pit Location: Quad Name: Millerton Lake West, California Std Latitude: 37.0831894 Std Longitude: -119.7280460

Latitude: Longitude: Datum: WGS84 UTM Zone: 11 UTM Easting: 257509 meters UTM Northing: 4107583 meters

Primary Earth Cover: Grass/herbaceous cover Secondary Earth Cover: Savanna rangeland Existing Vegetation: Parent Material: colluvium derived from granitoid and/or residuum weathered from granitoid

Bedrock Kind: Granitoid Granitoid

Bedrock Depth: 93 centimeters 64 centimeters

Bedrock Hardness: strongly cemented moderately cemented

Bedrock Fracture Interval:

Surface Fragments: 1.0 percent nonflat subrounded indurated 250- to 600-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 3.0 percent nonflat subrounded indurated 600- to 3000-millimeter Granitoid fragments

Slope	Elevation	Aspect	MAAT	MSAT	MWAT	MAP	Frost-Free	Drainage	Slope Length	Upslope Length
(%)	(meters)	(deg)	(C)	(C)	(C)	(mm)	Davs	Class	(meters)	(meters)
26.0	281.0	297		(0)			Dayo	well	(motoro)	

A--0 to 7 centimeters (0.0 to 2.8 inches); grayish brown (10YR 5/2) crushed loamy coarse sand, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) crushed, moist; 80 percent sand; 15 percent silt; 5 percent clay; weak fine granular, and weak medium granular structure; slightly hard, friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; many very fine roots throughout and common fine roots throughout; common very fine tubular and common very fine irregular and common fine irregular pores; 4 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 2 to 75-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; moderately acid, pH 5.6, pH meter; clear wavy boundary. Lab sample # 17N04079 A--0 to 7 centimeters (0.0 to 2.8 inches); grayish brown (10YR 5/2) crushed loamy coarse sand, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) crushed, moist; 80 percent sand; 15 percent silt; 5 percent clay; weak fine granular, and weak medium granular structure; slightly hard, friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; many very fine roots throughout and common fine roots throughout; common very fine tubular and common very fine irregular and common fine irregular pores; 4 percent clay; weak fine granular, and weak medium granular structure; slightly hard, friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; many very fine roots throughout and common fine roots throughout; common very fine tubular and common very fine irregular and common fine irregular pores; 4 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 2 to 75-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; moderately acid, pH 5.6, pH meter; clear wavy boundary. Lab sample # 17N04079

Bw--7 to 32 centimeters (2.8 to 12.6 inches); gravish brown (10YR 5/2) broken face loamy sand, very dark gravish brown (10YR 3/2) broken face, moist; 80 percent sand; 15 percent silt; 5 percent clay; weak fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine roots throughout and common medium roots throughout and common fine roots throughout and common coarse roots throughout; many very fine tubular and common medium dendritic tubular and common fine tubular and common coarse dendritic tubular pores; 1 percent nonflat subrounded moderately cemented 20 to 75-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 2 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 75 to 250-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 2 percent nonflat subrounded moderately cemented 75 to 250-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 3 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 2 to 20-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCI, 1 normal; moderately acid, pH 5.7, pH meter; clear wavy boundary. Lab sample # 17N04080 Bw--7 to 32 centimeters (2.8 to 12.6 inches); grayish brown (10YR 5/2) broken face loamy sand, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) broken face, moist; 80 percent sand; 15 percent silt; 5 percent clay; weak fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine roots throughout and common medium roots throughout and common fine roots throughout and common coarse roots throughout; many very fine tubular and common medium dendritic tubular and common fine tubular and common coarse dendritic tubular pores; 1 percent nonflat subrounded moderately cemented 20 to 75-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 2 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 75 to 250-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 2 percent nonflat subrounded moderately cemented 75 to 250-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 3 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 2 to 20-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCI, 1 normal; moderately acid, pH 5.7, pH meter; clear wavy boundary. Lab sample # 17N04080

BC--32 to 64 centimeters (12.6 to 25.2 inches); pale brown (10YR 6/3) broken face loamy coarse sand, brown (10YR 4/3) broken face, moist; 80 percent sand; 16 percent silt; 4 percent clay; weak medium subangular blocky, and weak coarse subangular blocky structure; moderately hard, firm, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine roots throughout and many very coarse roots throughout and common medium roots throughout and common fine roots throughout and common coarse roots throughout; common very fine tubular and few fine tubular pores; 5 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 2 to 75-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; moderately acid, pH 5.9, pH meter; clear smooth boundary. Lab sample # 17N04081 BC--32 to 64 centimeters (12.6 to 25.2 inches); pale brown (10YR 6/3) broken face loamy coarse sand, brown (10YR 4/3) broken face, moist; 80 percent sand; 16 percent silt; 4 percent clay; weak medium subangular blocky, and weak coarse subangular blocky structure; moderately hard, firm, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine roots throughout and many very coarse roots throughout and common medium roots throughout and common fine roots throughout and common (10YR 4/3) broken face, moist; 80 percent sand; 16 percent silt; 4 percent clay; weak medium subangular blocky, and weak coarse subangular blocky structure; moderately hard, firm, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine roots throughout and many very coarse roots throughout and common medium roots throughout and common fine roots throughout and common coarse roots throughout and common medium roots throughout and common fine roots throughout and common coarse roots throughout; common very fine tubular and few fine tubular pores; 5 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 2 to 75-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; moderately acid, pH 5.9, pH meter; clear smooth boundary. Lab sample # 17N04081

Cr--64 to 93 centimeters (25.2 to 36.6 inches); brown (7.5YR 5/4) interior bedrock, strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) interior, moist; Moderately cemented; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; gradual smooth boundary. Cr--64 to 93 centimeters (25.2 to 36.6 inches); brown (7.5YR 5/4) interior moderately cemented Granitoid bedrock, strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) interior, moist; Moderately cemented; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; gradual smooth boundary. Cont. Site ID: S2017CA039006

R--93 to 200 centimeters (36.6 to 78.7 inches); brown (7.5YR 5/4) interior strongly cemented Granitoid bedrock, strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) interior, moist; Strongly cemented; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal. R--93 to 200 centimeters (36.6 to 78.7 inches); brown (7.5YR 5/4) interior bedrock, strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) interior, moist; Strongly cemented; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal.

Print Date: Apr 4 2018 Description Date: Jun 14 2017 Describer: Andrew Brown; Jennifer Wood NEON Plot ID: SJER_001 Site ID: S2017CA039007

Pedon ID: S2017CA039007

Site Note: **Pedon Note:** Lab Source ID: KSSL Lab Pedon #: 17N0821 Soil Name as Described/Sampled: Vista Classification: Mixed, thermic Typic Xeropsamments Soil Name as Correlated: Classification: Pedon Type: undefined observation Pedon Purpose: research site Taxon Kind: taxadjunct Associated Soils: **Physiographic Division: Physiographic Province: Physiographic Section:** State Physiographic Area:

Local Physiographic Area: Geomorphic Setting: on footslope of side slope of hill on foothills Upslope Shape: concave Cross Slope Shape: linear

Particle Size Control Section: 25 to 74 cm. Description origin: NASIS Diagnostic Features: mollic epipedon 0 to 24 cm.

Top Depth (cm)	Bottom Depth (cm)	Restriction Kind	Restriction Hardness
74	200	bedrock, lithic	Strongly cemented

lithic contact 74 to 200 cm.

Country: United States State: California County: Madera MLRA: 18 -- Sierra Nevada Foothills Soil Survey Area: CA651 -- Madera Area, California Map Unit: AeD -- Ahwahnee and Vista rocky coarse sandy loams, 8 to 30 percent slopes Pit Location: Quad Name: Millerton Lake West, California Std Latitude: 37.1067467 Std Longitude: -119.7199750

Latitude: Longitude: Datum: WGS84 UTM Zone: 11 UTM Easting: 258301 meters UTM Northing: 4110177 meters

Primary Earth Cover: Grass/herbaceous cover Secondary Earth Cover: Savanna rangeland Existing Vegetation: Parent Material: colluvium derived from granodiorite and/or residuum weathered from granodiorite Bedrock Kind: Granodiorite Bedrock Depth: 74 centimeters Bedrock Hardness: strongly cemented Bedrock Fracture Interval: 10 to less than 45 centimeters Surface Fragments: Description database: KSSL

Slope (%)	Elevation	Aspect	MSAT	MWAT (C)	MAP	Frost-Free Davs	Drainage Class	Slope Length	Upslope Length
(70)	(meters)	(deg)	(U)		(mm)	Days	Class	(meters)	(meters)
19.0	400.0	104					well		

A--0 to 10 centimeters (0.0 to 3.9 inches); very dark brown (7.5YR 2.5/2) crushed loamy sand, brown (10YR 5/3) crushed, dry; 75 percent sand; 21 percent silt; 4 percent clay; weak medium subangular blocky parts to moderate fine granular, and weak medium subangular blocky parts to moderate medium granular structure; soft, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine roots throughout; many very fine irregular pores; 3 percent nonflat subangular very strongly cemented 2 to 20-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; slightly acid, pH 6.4, pH indicator solutions; abrupt wavy boundary. Lab sample # 17N04082

AB--10 to 24 centimeters (3.9 to 9.4 inches); dark brown (10YR 3/3) broken face loamy sand, brown (10YR 5/3) broken face, dry; 75 percent sand; 20 percent silt; 5 percent clay; moderate fine subangular blocky, and moderate medium subangular blocky structure; hard, friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine roots throughout and few medium roots throughout and few fine roots throughout; many very fine irregular and common very coarse tubular pores; 3 percent nonflat subangular very strongly cemented 2 to 20-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; moderately acid, pH 5.8, pH indicator solutions; gradual wavy boundary. Lab sample # 17N04083

Bw--24 to 74 centimeters (9.4 to 29.1 inches); brown (7.5YR 4/4) broken face loamy sand, yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) broken face, dry; 75 percent sand; 19 percent silt; 6 percent clay; moderate fine subangular blocky, and moderate medium subangular blocky structure; hard, friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine roots throughout and common medium roots throughout and few fine roots throughout; many very fine irregular pores; 1 percent nonflat subangular very strongly cemented 20 to 75-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 3 percent nonflat subangular very strongly cemented 2 to 20-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; moderately acid, pH 5.6, pH indicator solutions; abrupt irregular boundary. Lab sample # 17N04084

R--74 to 200 centimeters (29.1 to 78.7 inches); strongly cemented Granodiorite bedrock, fractured at intervals of 10 to less than 45 centimeters; Strongly cemented; .

Print Date: Apr 4 2018 Description Date: Jun 14 2017 Describer: Cathy Scott; Julie Baker NEON Plot ID: SJER_029 Site ID: S2017CA039008

Pedon ID: S2017CA039008

Site Note: **Pedon Note:** Lab Source ID: KSSL Lab Pedon #: 17N0822 Soil Name as Described/Sampled: Vista Classification: Mixed, thermic Typic Xeropsamments Soil Name as Correlated: Classification: Pedon Type: undefined observation Pedon Purpose: research site Taxon Kind: taxadjunct Associated Soils: **Physiographic Division: Physiographic Province: Physiographic Section:** State Physiographic Area:

Local Physiographic Area:

Geomorphic Setting: on backslope of interfluve of foothills on backslope of interfluve of hill

Upslope Shape: linear

Cross Slope Shape: concave

Particle Size Control Section: 25 to 64 cm.

Description origin: NASIS

Diagnostic Features: ochric epipedon 0 to 18 cm. paralithic contact 64 to 70 cm. lithic contact 70 to 200 cm.

Top Depth (cm)	Bottom Depth (cm)	Restriction Kind	Restriction Hardness
64	70	bedrock, paralithic	Moderately cemented
70	200	bedrock, lithic	Very strongly cemented

Country: United States State: California County: Madera MLRA: 18 -- Sierra Nevada Foothills Soil Survey Area: CA651 -- Madera Area, California Map Unit: AeD -- Ahwahnee and Vista rocky coarse sandy loams, 8 to 30 percent slopes Pit Location: Quad Name: Millerton Lake West, California Std Latitude: 37.0966706 Std Longitude: -119.7234196

Latitude: Longitude: Datum: WGS84 UTM Zone: 11 UTM Easting: 257963 meters UTM Northing: 4109068 meters

Primary Earth Cover: Grass/herbaceous cover Secondary Earth Cover: Grassland rangeland Existing Vegetation: Parent Material: slope alluvium derived from granitoid over residuum weathered from granitoid Bedrock Kind: Granitoid

Granitoid Bedrock Depth: 64 centimeters

70 centimeters

Bedrock Hardness: moderately cemented very strongly cemented

Bedrock Fracture Interval: 200 centimeters or more

200 centimeters or more

Surface Fragments: 1.0 percent nonflat rounded indurated 600- to 3000-millimeter Granitoid fragments

Slope (%)	Elevation (meters)	Aspect	MSAT	MWAT (C)	MAP (mm)	Frost-Free Davs	Drainage Class	Slope Length (meters)	Upslope Length (meters)
13.0	360.0	(deg) 242			(11111)	Days	well	(IIIeleis)	(11161613)
13.0	300.0	242					WEII		

A--0 to 5 centimeters (0.0 to 2.0 inches); loamy sand; 85 percent sand; 10 percent silt; 5 percent clay; soft, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; many very fine roots throughout; common very fine irregular and common medium tubular pores; 1 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 2 to 5-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 1 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 5 to 75-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; neutral, pH 6.6, pH indicator solutions; abrupt wavy boundary. Lab sample # 17N04085 A--0 to 5 centimeters (0.0 to 2.0 inches); loamy sand; 85 percent sand; 10 percent silt; 5 percent clay; soft, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; many very fine roots throughout; common very fine irregular and common medium tubular pores; 1 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 2 to 5-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 1 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 5 to 75-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; neutral, pH 6.6, pH indicator solutions; abrupt wavy boundary. Lab sample # 17N04085 A--0 to 5 centimeters (0.0 to 2.0 inches); loamy sand; 85 percent sand; 10 percent silt; 5 percent clay; soft, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; many very fine roots throughout; common very fine irregular and common medium tubular pores; 1 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 2 to 5-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 1 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 5 to 75-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; neutral, pH 6.6, pH indicator solutions; abrupt wavy boundary. Lab sample # 17N04085

Bw1--5 to 15 centimeters (2.0 to 5.9 inches); loamy sand; 85 percent sand; 11 percent silt; 4 percent clay; slightly hard, friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine roots throughout and common fine roots throughout; common very fine irregular and common medium tubular pores; 1 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 5 to 75-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 1 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 75 to 250-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 4 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 2 to 5-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; moderately acid, pH 5.6, pH indicator solutions; abrupt wavy boundary. Lab sample # 17N04086 Bw1--5 to 15 centimeters (2.0 to 5.9 inches); loamy sand; 85 percent sand; 11 percent silt; 4 percent clay; slightly hard, friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine roots throughout and common fine roots throughout; common very fine irregular and common medium tubular pores; 1 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 5 to 75-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 1 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 5 to 75-millimeter Strongly cemented 5 to 75-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 1 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 75 to 250-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 1 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 75 to 250-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 1 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 75 to 250-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 1 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 75 to 250-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 4 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 2 to 5-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; moderately acid, pH 5.6, pH indicator solutions; abrupt wavy boundary. Lab sample # 17N04086

Bw2--15 to 43 centimeters (5.9 to 16.9 inches); loamy sand; 85 percent sand; 11 percent silt; 4 percent clay; slightly hard, friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine roots throughout; common very fine irregular and common fine tubular pores; 1 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 5 to 75-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 4 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 2 to 5-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; moderately acid, pH 5.8, pH indicator solutions; clear wavy boundary. Lab sample # 17N04087 Bw2--15 to 43 centimeters (5.9 to 16.9 inches); loamy sand; 85 percent sand; 11 percent silt; 4 percent clay; slightly hard, friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine roots throughout; common very fine irregular and common fine tubular pores; 1 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 5 to 75-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; moderately 5 to 75-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 5 to 75-millimeter Granitoid fragment; noneffervescent, nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 5 to 75-millimeter Granitoid fragment; noneffervescent, nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 5 to 75-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; moderately acid, pH 5.8, pH indicator solutions; clear wavy boundary. Lab sample # 17N04087

C--43 to 64 centimeters (16.9 to 25.2 inches); loamy sand; 85 percent sand; 12 percent silt; 3 percent clay; slightly hard, friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; few very fine roots throughout; common very fine irregular and common medium tubular pores; 2 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 5 to 75-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 4 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 2 to 5-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; moderately acid, pH 5.8, pH indicator solutions; abrupt wavy boundary. Lab sample # 17N04088 C--43 to 64 centimeters (16.9 to 25.2 inches); loamy sand; 85 percent sand; 12 percent silt; 3 percent clay; slightly hard, friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; few very fine roots throughout; common very fine irregular and common medium tubular pores; 2 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 5 to 75-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 4 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 2 to 5-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, hy HCl, 1 normal; moderately acid, pH 5.8, pH indicator solutions; abrupt wavy boundary. Lab sample # 17N04088 C--43 to 64 centimeters (16.9 to 25.2 inches); loamy sand; 85 percent sand; 12 percent silt; 3 percent clay; slightly hard, friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; few very fine roots throughout; common very fine irregular and common medium tubular pores; 2 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 5 to 75-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 4 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 2 to 5-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; moderately acid, pH 5.8, pH indicator solutions; abrupt wavy boundary. Lab sample # 17N04088

Cr--64 to 70 centimeters (25.2 to 27.6 inches); moderately cemented Granitoid bedrock, fractured at intervals of 200 centimeters or more; Moderately cemented; . Cr--64 to 70 centimeters (25.2 to 27.6 inches); bedrock; Moderately cemented; .

R--70 to 200 centimeters (27.6 to 78.7 inches); bedrock; Very strongly cemented; . R--70 to 200 centimeters (27.6 to 78.7 inches); very strongly cemented Granitoid bedrock, fractured at intervals of 200 centimeters or more; Very strongly cemented; .

Print Date: Apr 4 2018 Description Date: Jun 14 2017 Describer: Andrew Paolucci; Theresa Kunch NEON Plot ID: SJER_028 Site ID: S2017CA039009

Pedon ID: S2017CA039009

Site Note: **Pedon Note:** Lab Source ID: KSSL Lab Pedon #: 17N0823 Soil Name as Described/Sampled: Kernville Classification: Mixed, thermic, shallow Typic Xeropsamments Soil Name as Correlated: Classification: Pedon Type: undefined observation Pedon Purpose: research site Taxon Kind: series Associated Soils: **Physiographic Division: Physiographic Province: Physiographic Section:** State Physiographic Area:

Local Physiographic Area:

Geomorphic Setting: on backslope of side slope of hillslope on foothills

Upslope Shape: linear

Cross Slope Shape: linear Particle Size Control Section: 25 to 40 cm.

Description origin: NASIS

Diagnostic Features: ochric epipedon 0 to 12 cm. paralithic contact 40 to 67 cm. lithic contact 67 to 200 cm.

Top Depth (cm)	Bottom Depth (cm)	Restriction Kind	Restriction Hardness
40	67	bedrock, paralithic	Weakly cemented
67	200	bedrock, lithic	Strongly cemented

Country: United States State: California County: Madera MLRA: 18 -- Sierra Nevada Foothills Soil Survey Area: CA651 -- Madera Area, California Map Unit: ArF -- Ahwahnee and Vista very rocky coarse sandy loams, 30 to 75 percent slopes Pit Location: Quad Name: Millerton Lake West, California Std Latitude: 37.0783229

Latitude: Longitude: Datum: WGS84 UTM Zone: 11 UTM Easting: 257537 meters UTM Northing: 4107042 meters

Std Longitude: -119.7275475

Primary Earth Cover: Grass/herbaceous cover Secondary Earth Cover: Grassland rangeland Existing Vegetation:

Parent Material: colluvium derived from granitoid and/or residuum weathered from granitoid

Bedrock Kind: Granitoid Granitoid

Bedrock Depth: 40 centimeters 67 centimeters

Bedrock Hardness: weakly cemented strongly cemented

Bedrock Fracture Interval:

Surface Fragments: 5.0 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 250- to 600millimeter Granitoid fragments and 10.0 percent nonflat subrounded very strongly cemented 600- to 3000-millimeter Granitoid fragments

Slope	Elevation	Aspect	MAAT	MSAT	MWAT	MAP	Frost-Free	Drainage	Slope Length	Upslope Length
(%)	(meters)	(deg)	(C)	(C)	(C)	(mm)	Days	Class	(meters)	(meters)
25.0	305.0	190						well		

A--0 to 12 centimeters (0.0 to 4.7 inches); dark brown (10YR 3/3) crushed loamy sand, brown (10YR 5/3) crushed, dry; 78 percent sand; 18 percent silt; 4 percent clay; weak fine subangular blocky, and weak medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; many very fine roots throughout; common very fine irregular and common very coarse tubular and few medium tubular and common fine tubular pores; 1 percent nonflat subrounded strongly cemented 2 to 75-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; slightly acid, pH 6.1, pH meter; clear wavy boundary. Lab sample # 17N04089 A--0 to 12 centimeters (0.0 to 4.7 inches); dark brown (10YR 3/3) crushed loamy sand, brown (10YR 5/3) crushed, dry; 78 percent sand; 18 percent silt; 4 percent clay; weak fine subangular blocky, and weak medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; many very fine roots throughout; common very fine irregular and common very coarse tubular and few medium tubular and common fine tubular pores; 1 percent nonflat subrounded strongly cemented 2 to 75-millimeter slightly hard, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; many very fine roots throughout; common very fine irregular and common very coarse tubular and few medium tubular and common fine tubular pores; 1 percent nonflat subrounded strongly cemented 2 to 75-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; slightly acid, pH 6.1, pH meter; clear wavy boundary. Lab sample # 17N04089

Bw--12 to 40 centimeters (4.7 to 15.7 inches); dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) broken face loamy sand, yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) broken face, dry; 85 percent sand; 13 percent silt; 2 percent clay; weak coarse subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine roots throughout; few very fine irregular and common very fine interstitial and few fine irregular pores; 1 percent nonflat subrounded weakly cemented 75 to 250-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 2 percent nonflat subrounded strongly cemented 2 to 75-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 5 percent nonflat subrounded strongly cemented 250 to 600-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; moderately acid, pH 6.0, pH meter; clear irregular boundary. Lab sample # 17N04090 Bw--12 to 40 centimeters (4.7 to 15.7 inches); dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) broken face loamy sand, yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) broken face, dry; 85 percent sand; 13 percent slit; 2 percent clay; weak coarse subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine roots throughout; few very fine irregular and common very fine interstitial and few fine irregular pores; 1 percent nonflat subrounded weakly cemented 75 to 250-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 2 percent nonflat subrounded weakly cemented 75 to 250-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 2 percent nonflat subrounded strongly cemented 75 to 250-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 2 percent nonflat subrounded strongly cemented 2 to 75-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 2 percent nonflat subrounded strongly cemented 75 to 250-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 2 percent nonflat subrounded strongly cemented 75 to 250-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 2 percent nonflat subrounded strongly cemented 75 to 250-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 2 percent nonflat subrounded strongly cemented 75 to 250-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 2 percent nonflat subrounded strongly cemented 75 to 250-millimeter Granitoid fragments; nonefferves

Cr--40 to 67 centimeters (15.7 to 26.4 inches); weakly cemented Granitoid bedrock; Weakly cemented; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; gradual smooth boundary. Cr--40 to 67 centimeters (15.7 to 26.4 inches); bedrock; Weakly cemented; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; gradual smooth boundary.

R--67 to 200 centimeters (26.4 to 78.7 inches); bedrock; Strongly cemented; noneffervescent, by HCI, 1 normal. R--67 to 200 centimeters (26.4 to 78.7 inches); strongly cemented Granitoid bedrock; Strongly cemented; noneffervescent, by HCI, 1 normal.

Print Date: Apr 4 2018 Description Date: Jun 29 2017 Describer: Cathy Scott; Julie Baker NEON Plot ID: SJER_003 Site ID: S2017CA039010

Pedon ID: S2017CA039010

Site Note: **Pedon Note:** Lab Source ID: KSSL Lab Pedon #: 17N0824 Soil Name as Described/Sampled: Typic Argixerolls Classification: Fine-loamy, mixed, active, thermic Typic Argixerolls Soil Name as Correlated: Feethill Classification: Fine-loamy, mixed, superactive, thermic Typic Argixerolls Pedon Type: undefined observation Pedon Purpose: research site Taxon Kind: series Associated Soils: **Physiographic Division: Physiographic Province: Physiographic Section:** State Physiographic Area:

Local Physiographic Area:

Geomorphic Setting: hill on foothills

Upslope Shape:

Cross Slope Shape:

Particle Size Control Section: 22 to 64 cm.

Description origin: NASIS

Diagnostic Features: mollic epipedon 0 to 22 cm. argillic horizon 22 to 64 cm. paralithic contact 64 to 70 cm. lithic contact 70 to 200 cm.

Top Depth (cm)	Restriction Hardness		
64	70	bedrock, paralithic	Weakly cemented
70	200	bedrock, lithic	Very strongly cemented

Country: United States State: California County: Madera MLRA: 18 -- Sierra Nevada Foothills Soil Survey Area: CA651 -- Madera Area, California Map Unit: AeD -- Ahwahnee and Vista rocky coarse sandy loams, 8 to 30 percent slopes Pit Location: Quad Name: Millerton Lake West, California Std Latitude: 37.1168321 Std Longitude: -119.7304496 Latitude:

Latitude: Longitude: Datum: WGS84 UTM Zone: 11 UTM Easting: 257402 meters UTM Northing: 4111323 meters

Primary Earth Cover: Grass/herbaceous cover Secondary Earth Cover: Savanna rangeland Existing Vegetation:

Parent Material: residuum weathered from granitoid and/or slope alluvium derived from granitoid

Bedrock Kind: Granitoid Granitoid

Bedrock Depth: 64 centimeters 70 centimeters

Bedrock Hardness: weakly cemented very strongly cemented

Bedrock Fracture Interval: 200 centimeters or more

200 centimeters or more

Surface Fragments: 1.0 percent nonflat rounded indurated 250- to 600-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 1.0 percent nonflat rounded indurated 600- to 3000-millimeter Granitoid fragments

Slope	Elevation	Aspect	MAAT	MSAT	MWAT	MAP	Frost-Free	Drainage	Slope Length	Upslope Length
(%)	(meters)	(deg)	(C)	(C)	(C)	(mm)	Days	Class	(meters)	(meters)

A--0 to 22 centimeters (0.0 to 8.7 inches); grayish brown (10YR 5/2) crushed coarse sandy loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) crushed, moist; 72 percent sand; 21 percent silt; 7 percent clay; weak coarse subangular blocky structure; moderately hard, firm, slightly sticky, nonplastic; common very fine roots throughout and very few medium roots throughout and few fine roots throughout; common very fine irregular and common medium tubular and common fine irregular pores; 1 percent nonflat subangular very strongly cemented 75 to 250-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 2 percent nonflat subangular very strongly cemented 2 to 20-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 3 percent nonflat subangular very strongly cemented 20 to 75-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; strongly acid, pH 5.2, pH indicator solutions; gradual wavy boundary. Lab sample # 17N04091 A--0 to 22 centimeters (0.0 to 8.7 inches); grayish brown (10YR 5/2) crushed coarse subangular blocky structure; moderately hard, firm, slightly sticky, nonplastic; common very fine roots throughout and very few medium roots throughout and few fine roots throughout; common very fine irregular and common medium tubular and coarse subangular blocky structure; moderately hard, firm, slightly sticky, nonplastic; common very fine roots throughout and very few medium roots throughout and few fine roots throughout; common very fine irregular and common medium tubular and common fine irregular pores; 1 percent nonflat subangular very strongly cemented 75 to 250-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 3 percent nonflat subangular very few medium roots throughout and few fine roots throughout; common very fine irregular and common medium tubular and common fine irregular pores; 1 percent nonflat subangular very strongly cemented 75 to 250-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 2 percent nonflat subangular very strongly cemented 2 to 20-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 3 percent nonflat subangular very strongly cemented 2 to 20-millimeter Granitoid fragmen

Bt1--22 to 58 centimeters (8.7 to 22.8 inches); brown (7.5YR 5/3) broken face sandy loam, brown (7.5YR 4/3) broken face, moist; 65 percent sand: 16 percent silt; 19 percent clay; moderate coarse subangular blocky structure; very hard, extremely firm, slightly sticky, moderately plastic; common medium roots throughout and few fine roots throughout and few coarse roots throughout; common very fine irregular and many very fine interstitial and common medium irregular and common fine irregular pores; 15 percent distinct clay films on all faces of peds and 30 percent distinct clay bridges between sand grains; 1 percent nonflat subangular very strongly cemented 2 to 20-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 1 percent nonflat subangular very strongly cemented 75 to 250-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 4 percent nonflat subangular very strongly cemented 20 to 75-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCI, 1 normal; strongly acid, pH 5.4, pH indicator solutions; clear wavy boundary. Lab sample # 17N04092 Bt1--22 to 58 centimeters (8.7 to 22.8 inches); brown (7.5YR 5/3) broken face sandy loam, brown (7.5YR 4/3) broken face, moist; 65 percent sand; 16 percent silt; 19 percent clay; moderate coarse subangular blocky structure; very hard, extremely firm, slightly sticky, moderately plastic; common medium roots throughout and few fine roots throughout and few coarse roots throughout; common very fine irregular and many very fine interstitial and common medium irregular and common fine irregular pores; 15 percent distinct clay films on all faces of peds and 30 percent distinct clay bridges between sand grains; 1 percent nonflat subangular very strongly cemented 2 to 20-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 1 percent nonflat subangular very strongly cemented 75 to 250-millimeter Granitoid fragments and 4 percent nonflat subangular very strongly cemented 20 to 75millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCI, 1 normal; strongly acid, pH 5.4, pH indicator solutions; clear wavy boundary. Lab sample # 17N04092

Bt2--58 to 64 centimeters (22.8 to 25.2 inches); brown (7.5YR 5/4) broken face sandy clay loam, brown (7.5YR 4/3) broken face, moist; 60 percent sand; 12 percent silt; 28 percent clay; moderate very coarse prismatic structure; very hard, extremely firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very coarse roots top of horizon and very few fine roots throughout; common fine interstitial and common fine irregular pores; 30 percent distinct clay bridges between sand grains and 30 percent distinct clay films on all faces of peds; 1 percent nonflat subangular very strongly cemented 2 to 20-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; extremely acid, pH 4.0, pH indicator solutions; abrupt wavy boundary. Lab sample # 17N04093 Bt2--58 to 64 centimeters (22.8 to 25.2 inches); brown (7.5YR 5/4) broken face sandy clay loam, brown (7.5YR 4/3) broken face, moist; 60 percent sand; 12 percent silt; 28 percent clay; moderate very coarse prismatic structure; very hard, extremely firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very coarse roots top of horizon and very few fine roots throughout; common fine interstitial and common fine irregular pores; 30 percent distinct clay bridges between sand grains and 30 percent distinct clay films on all faces of peds; 1 percent nonflat subangular very strongly cemented 2 to 20-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; extremely plastic; common very coarse roots top of horizon and very few fine roots throughout; common fine interstitial and common fine irregular pores; 30 percent distinct clay bridges between sand grains and 30 percent distinct clay films on all faces of peds; 1 percent nonflat subangular very strongly cemented 2 to 20-millimeter Granitoid fragments; noneffervescent, by HCl, 1 normal; extremely acid, pH 4.0, pH indicator solutions; abrupt wavy boundary. Lab sample # 17N04093

Cr--64 to 70 centimeters (25.2 to 27.6 inches); weakly cemented Granitoid bedrock, fractured at intervals of 200 centimeters or more; Weakly cemented; clear wavy boundary. Cr--64 to 70 centimeters (25.2 to 27.6 inches); bedrock; Weakly cemented; clear wavy boundary.

R--70 to 200 centimeters (27.6 to 78.7 inches); bedrock; Very strongly cemented; . R--70 to 200 centimeters (27.6 to 78.7 inches); very strongly cemented Granitoid bedrock, fractured at intervals of 200 centimeters or more; Very strongly cemented; .