

# **D20 FIU Site Characterization: Summary**

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## **Change Record**

REVISION	DATE	ECO #	DESCRIPTION OF CHANGE
А	4/18/2012	ECO-00259	INITIAL RELEASE
В	06/28/2016	ECO-03924	Updated document to reflect new core site; Delete relocatable site info



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### 1 DESCRIPTION

### 1.1 **Purpose**

The data summarized here is used to inform the site design activities for NEON project Teams, EHS (permitting), FCC, ENG and FSU. This document summarizes the FIU site characterization data collected, analyzed, and described in the FIU D20 Site Characterization: Supporting Data (AD[01]).

### 1.2 **Scope**

This document summarizes the FIU site characterization data for the D20 tower locations: Pu'u Maka'ala (Core). Issues and concerns for each site that need attention are also addressed in this document according to our best knowledge.

Disclaimer: all latitude and longitude points are subject to the tolerances of our measurement system, i.e., GPS, typically approximately ±3 m.

### 2 RELATED DOCUMENTS AND ACRONYMS

### 2.1 **Applicable Documents**

Applicable documents contain information that shall be applied in the current document. Examples are higher level requirements documents, standards, rules and regulations.

AD [01]	NEON.DOC.011084	D20 Site Characterization Supporting Data.docx
AD [02]	NEON.DOC.011018	WID between FIU and FCC
AD [03]	NEON.DOC.011008	FIU Tower Science Requirements
AD [04]	NEON.DOC.011072	FIU Precipitation Collector Site Design

### 2.2 **Reference Documents**

Reference documents contain information complementing, explaining, detailing, or otherwise supporting the information included in the current document.

RD [01]	NEON.DOC.000008	NEON Glossary of Abbreviations
RD [02]	NEON.DOC.000243	NEON Acronym List
RD [03]		
RD [04]		

### 2.3 External References



## External references contain information pertinent to this document, but are not NEON configurationcontrolled. Examples include manuals, brochures, technical notes, and external websites.

ER [01]	
ER [02]	
ER [03]	



### **3** PU'U MAKA'ALA, CORE TOWER SITE

### 3.1 **Desired ecosystem**

 Table 1. Ecosystem at the Pu'u Maka'ala core tower site.

Ecosystem Type	Management activity	
Ohia (Metrosideros polymorpha)-dominated montane	Managed as wild land	
rainforest		

The ecosystem at NEON Pu'u Maka'ala core site is Hawai'i Montane Rainforest, which is  $\bar{o}hi'a$  (*Metrosideros polymorpha*) dominated middle structure young forest with dense understory (mainly tree ferns and false staghorn fern (also call Uluhe fern)). The mean canopy height varies from 6 m to 22 m for Ohia trees inside major and secondary airshed. Pockets of well-grown stands have much taller canopy (20-25 m). The tree height surrounding the tower location is ~ 20 m. The height for tree ferns are ~4-5 m and ~ 2-3 m for false staghorn fern. Tree ferns are present in the denser part of the forest, while false staghorn ferns fill the open area. Ohia tree density is ~200-300 stems/ha with DBH >5 cm in the denser part of the forest, and ~50-100 stems/ha with DBH >5 cm at open part of the forest. Ground cover (all vegetation) is ~80-90%. The landscape at site is rolling hills. Soil depth is very shallow (generally < 2") but with deeper soil pockets of >30 cm

 Table 2. Ecosystem and site attributes for Pu'u Maka'ala core tower site.

Ecosystem attributes	Measure and units
Mean canopy height	20 m
Surface roughness <sup>a</sup>	3 m
Zero place displacement height <sup>a</sup>	16.5 m
Structural elements	Open forest with denseunderstory
Time zone	Hawaii Standard Time
Magnetic declination	9° 51' E changing by 0° 03' W/year

Note, <sup>a</sup> From field observation.

### 3.2 Site Design and Tower Attributes

The site layout is summarized in the table below. Anemometer/temperature boom arm direction is *from* the tower *toward* the prevailing wind direction or designated orientation. Instrument hut orientation vector is parallel to the long side of the instrument hut. Instrument hut distance z is the distance from the center of tower projection to the center of the instrument hut projection on the ground. The numbering of the measurement levels is that the lowest is level one, and each subsequent increase in height is numbered sequentially.

**Table 3**. Site design and tower attributes for Pu'u Maka'ala core site.

0° is true north with declination accounted for. Color of Instrument hut exterior shall be tan or best match the surrounding environment.



Airshed area			80° to 150° and 230° to 290°		Clockwise from first angle
	19.553089°	-			
lower location		155.317310°			
Instrument hut	19.553265°	-155.317279°			
Instrument hut orientation vector			90°-270°		Longwise
Instrument hut distance z				20	meter
Anemometer/Temperature boom orientation			205°		
DFIR	19.556761°	-155.310330°			
Height of the measurement					
levels					
Level 1				0.3	m.a.g.l.
Level 2				4	m.a.g.l.
Level 3				12	m.a.g.l.
Level 4				19	m.a.g.l.
Level 5				24	m.a.g.l.
Level 6				30.5	m.a.g.l.
Tower Height				30.5	m.a.g.l.

See AD 03 for technical requirement to determine the boom height for the bottom most measurement level.

According to the wind roses, wind can blow up hill to the tower location from ocean on the southeast (80° to 150°, clockwise from 80°), and nighttime drainage flow blows from higher mountain area on the west toward the tower location (230° to 290°, clockwise from 230°). **Tower** should be placed to a location to best catch the signals from the airshed of the ecosystem in interest, which is Ohia forest at this site. After FIU site characterization visit, we determined that the tower location should be at 19.55309°, -155.31731°. An **instrument hut** should be 19.553265°, -155.317279°. The instrument hut should be positioned to have the longer side parallel to E-W direction.

Eddy covariance, sonic wind and air temperature **boom arms** orientation toward the southwset will be best to capture signals from all wind directions. **Radiation boom arms** should always be facing south to avoid any shadowing effects from the tower structure.



**DFIR** location is at 19.556761°, -155.310330°, which is ~800 m northeast of tower location into an open pasture area. A secondary precipitation gauge on tower top may be needed based on the 600 m distance requirement. Wet deposition collector will collocate at the top of the tower. See AD 04 for further information and requirements for bulk precipitation collection and wet deposition collection.

**Boardwalks**. Ultimately, the decision to use a boardwalk will be, in part, based on owner's preferences. There are science requirements that minimize site disturbance to the surrounding area, which will be difficult to manage over a 30-y period. Traffic control is key to minimizing the site disturbance. Confining foot traffic to boardwalks minimizes site impact; this is particularly true in places where wear caused by foot traffic becomes noticeable and grows. For example, in places with snow part of the year, worn footpaths tend to have low places that collect water, or places where the snow pack or heavy rains causes paths to become uneven and further causing personnel to walk farther and farther around the sides of the original path, causing the path to grow in width. This is a very common phenomenon. FIU assumes that all conduits will be either buried, or placed inside the boardwalk such that it does not extend beyond 36" (0.914 m). The boardwalk to access the tower is not on any side that has a boom.

Specific Boardwalks at this site:

- No boardwalk/path is needed to instrument hut since the instrument hut is on the roadside.
- No boardwalk is needed between tower and instrument hut since the dirt road run between them. Even this road is rarely used, we should not block it.
- On-grade boardwalk to the soil array.
- On-grade boardwalk from the soil array boardwalk to the individual soil plots.
- No boardwalk or path needed to DFIR site.

The relative locations between tower, instrument hut and boardwalk can be found in the Figure below:



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Option 8, anemometer boom facing (generic) South with Instrument Hut towards the North



**Figure 1.** Generic diagram to demonstrate the relationship between tower and instrument hut when boom is facing south and instrument hut is on the north towards the tower.

This is just a generic diagram. The actual layout of boardwalk (or path if no boardwalk required) and instrument hut position will be the joint responsibility of FCC and FIU. At this site, the boom angle will be 205 degrees. The instrument hut location is on the northwest toward tower; the distance between instrument hut and tower is 20 m. The instrument hut vector will be E-W (90°-270°, longwise).





Figure 2. Site layout for Pu'u Maka'ala core tower site.

i) Tower location is presented (red pin), ii) red lines indicate the airshed boundaries. Vectors 80° to 150° (clockwise from 160°) and 230° to 290° (clockwise from 230°) would have quality wind data without causing flow distortions, respectively, iii) Yellow line is the suggested access road to instrument hut, and iv) Purple pin is DFIR location



### 3.3 Soil Attributes

The soil array vector is *from* the soil plot closest to the tower *toward* the farthest soil plot. The exact location of each soil plot may be microsited to avoid placing a soil plot at an unrepresentative location (e.g., rock outcrop, drainage channel, large tree, etc).

Dominant soil series at the site: Lalaau very cobbly highly decomposed plant material, 2 to 10 percent slopes. The taxonomy of this soil is shown below:

Order: Histosols

Suborder: Folists

Great group: Udifolists

**Subgroup**: Typic Udifolists

Family: Euic, isomesic Typic Udifolists

Series: Lalaau very cobbly highly decomposed plant material, 2 to 10 percent slopes

**Table 4**. Summary of soil array and soil pit information at Pu'u Maka'ala. 0° represents true north and accounts for declination.

Soil plot dimensions	5 m x 5 m
Soil array pattern	Non-standard
Distance between soil plots: x	Varies (~ 40 m)
Distance from tower to closest soil plot: y	25 m
Latitude and longitude of 1 <sup>st</sup> soil plot OR	19.55301, -155.31708
direction from tower	
Latitude and longitude of 2 <sup>nd</sup> soil plot OR	19.55284, -155.31668
direction from tower	
Latitude and longitude of 3 <sup>rd</sup> soil plot OR	19.55264, -155.31638
direction from tower	
Latitude and longitude of 4 <sup>th</sup> soil plot OR	19.55247, -155.31592
direction from tower	
Latitude and longitude of 5 <sup>th</sup> soil plot OR	19.55231, -155.31558
direction from tower	
Direction of soil array	~115 degrees
Latitude and longitude of FIU soil pit 1	19.553320°, -155.317470° (primary location)
Latitude and longitude of FIU soil pit 2	19.55354, -155.31532 (alternate 1)
Latitude and longitude of FIU soil pit 3	19.55331, -155.31654 (alternate 2)
Dominant soil type	Lalaau very cobbly highly decomposed plant
	material, 2 to 10 percent slopes



Expected soil depth	1.02-1.52 m
Depth to water table	>2 m
Expected depth of soil horizons	Expected measurement depths <sup>*</sup>
0-0.08 m (Oa/2C1 - 0 to 3 inches: very cobbly	0.04 m
highly decomposed plant material)	
0.08-1.35 m (2C2 - 3 to 53 inches: cobbles)	0.72 m
1.35-1.60 (2R - 53 to 63 inches: bedrock)	

<sup>\*</sup>Actual soil measurement depths will be determined based on measured soil horizon depths at the NEON FIU soil pit and may differ substantially from those shown here.

### 3.4 Information for ecosystem productivity plots

The tower at this site has been positioned to optimize the collection of the air/wind signals both temporally and spatially over the desired ecosystem (Ohia Forest). Wind blows from the airshed of 80° to 150° (clockwise from 80°), and 230° to 290° (clockwise from 230°). 90% signals for flux measurements are within 1000 m from tower, and 80% within 500 m. We suggest FSU Ecosystem Productivity plots are placed within the boundaries of 80° to 150° (clockwise from 80°) and 230° to 290° (clockwise from 230°) from tower.

### 3.5 **Issues and attentions**

DFIR location is >800 m away from tower location. A secondary precipitation gauge is needed at tower top based on the 600 m distance requirement.

Soil is rocky, new and very shallow. Typical design of soil array doesn't work here. Special design is needed for this site. The location of soil plots was handpicked at field. Each picked location is indicated by two orange ribbons tied on nearby trees.

Field design above for this site was made by following the standard FIU site design procedures and assuming that we will have ability to deploy the full set of the standard FIU measurements above and below ground. However, due to the ususual shallow soil depth, the deployment of the standard soil array is not possible at this site. Variance in FIU design is needed.

Understory is super dense and fast-growing. It may be a challenge for NEON construction, deployment and maintanence.

There are endanged plant species at site. NEON personnel should work with site host to identify the plants, and microsite soil pit, soil plot locations accordingly as needed prior to construcction.

This site location is next to Correction Facility. No public activities. Security is high.







North

#### Option 5, anemometer boom facing (generic) East with Instrument Hut towards the South



### Figure 3. Generic patterns for the boardwalk configuration

These generic configurations are from the instrument hut to the tower based on 5 generic scenarios. The five options are based on anemometer boom orientation and the leeward side of the tower where the instrument hut is located. The tower entrance is always on the North side of the tower. Exact tower and instrument hut location and orientation will be specified at each location and presented in the site characterization document.



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Figure 4. Conceptual diagram of Soil Array Patterns

Outlines the orientation for the soil array and instrument hut from the center point of the tower. The x, y, z distances are i) the distance between soil plots, ii) distance between the tower centerpoint and the closest edge of soil plot, and iii) the distance between the tower centerpoint and the closest edge of the instrument hut, respectively. The yellow outline around each soil plot is the 5 m perimeter keep out zone.







Boardwalk option: When a boardwalk is present the power and communication lines will typically follow the route of the boardwalk and be mounted aboveground (underneath the boardwalk). When no boardwalk is present (or the power/communication lines follow a different route than the boardwalk) the lines can be buried (Trench option) or run aboveground (Aboveground option). The aboveground option will be used instead of the trench option when trenching would be expected to cause significant disturbance to an ecosystem (e.g. cutting the roots of trees), pending landowner approval.



#### 4 APPENDIX A. FCC SUMMARY TABLES

#### Table 5. FCC Summary Table for FIU site components at D20 Pu'u Maka'ala core site

Site Component				units
Tower location	19.553089°	-155.317310°		Lat, Long, in degrees
Tower location	19°33'11.12"N	155°19'2.32"W		Lat, Long in deg min sec
Tower height <sup>f</sup>	30.5			meters
Tower guying	yes			yes/none, notes
Instrument Hut location	19.553265°	-155.317279°		Lat, Long, in degrees
Instrument Hut location	19°33'11.75"N	155°19'2.20"W		Lat, Long in deg min sec
IH orientation <sup>a</sup>	90°-270°			vector
boom orientation <sup>b</sup>	205°			degrees
distance from center of tower to IH center		20	option 8	distance (m), option #, (location
(z)				chosen to meet National Park
				approval)
Air shed vector(s) <sup>c</sup>	80° to 150°	230° to 290°		Vector, clock wise from first angle
Boardwalk from AP to IH	IH is on roadside. No			yes/none, notes
	boardwalk is needed.			
how the Bwalk intersects the tower access	No boardwalk. Access tower on the north face.			description
Boardwalk to soil array	On-grade boardwalk	On-grade boardwalk to individual soil		yes/none, notes
		plots		
Boardwalk needed to DFIR	no			yes/none
Power and Communication trench	10 m from edge of soil	whichever side is easiest	<sup>e</sup> , line above	offset, notes
	plot to the centerline of	ground		
	the power/comms line			
DFIR location	19.556761°	-155.310330°		Lat, Long in degrees, notes
DFIR location	19°33'24.34"N	155°18'37.19"W		Lat, Long in deg min sec

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DFIR power supply	Line power			description
Soil plot 1 <sup>st</sup> location	19.553010°	-155.317080°		Lat, Long in degrees (center point)
Soil plot 1 <sup>st</sup> location	19°33'10.84"N	155°19'1.49"W		Lat, Long in deg min sec
Soil plot 2 <sup>nd</sup> location	19.552840°	-155.316680°		Lat, Long in degrees (center point)
Soil plot 2 <sup>nd</sup> location	19°33'10.22"N	155°19'0.05"W		Lat, Long in deg min sec
Soil plot 3 <sup>rd</sup> location	19.552640°	-155.316380°		Lat, Long in degrees (center point)
Soil plot 3 <sup>rd</sup> location	19°33'9.50"N	155°18'58.97"W		Lat, Long in deg min sec
Soil plot 4 <sup>th</sup> location	19.552470°	-155.315920°		Lat, Long in degrees (center point)
Soil plot 4 <sup>th</sup> location	19°33'8.89"N	155°18'57.31"W		Lat, Long in deg min sec
Soil plot 5 <sup>th</sup> location	19.552310°	-155.315580°		Lat, Long in degrees (center point)
Soil plot 5 <sup>th</sup> location	19°33'8.32"N	155°18'56.09"W		Lat, Long in deg min sec
Soil plot distance between plots (x) and	Varies	40 m	25	x, y (meters)
from tower (y)				
Soil array pattern and vector <sup>d</sup>	Non-standard	NA		A, B, or C, vector
Soil plot dimensions	5 m x 5 m			L x W (meters)
Soil profile pit primary	19.553320°	-155.317470°	1.02-1.52 m	Lat, Long, and expected depth $^{\xi}$
Soil profile pit primary	19°33'11.95"N	155°19'2.89"W	1.02-1.52 m	Lat, Long in deg min sec
Soil profile pit alternative 1	19.553540°	-155.315320°	1.02-1.52 m	Lat, Long, and expected depth $^{\xi}$
Soil profile pit alternative 1	19°33'12.74"N	155°18'55.15"W	1.02-1.52 m	Lat, Long in deg min sec
Soil profile pit alternative 2	19.553310°	-155.316540°	1.02-1.52 m	Lat, Long, and expected depth $^{\xi}$
Soil profile pit alternative 2	19°33'11.92"N	155°18'59.54"W	1.02-1.52 m	Lat, Long in deg min sec
Fencing needs	none	none	none	IH, Soil Arrays, Guy anchors
Presence of large grazing animals	Wild pigs make dens on t	he ground, but may not a	graze.	description
Site management*	Managed as wild land.			description
Any additional site specific information	Understory is very dense.	. Lava tubes on the grour	nd and may not	description
	be able to see due to den	ise vegetation. This is a p	otential safety	
	hazard.			



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Magnetic declination9° 51' E changing by 0° 03' W/yearAt time of site visit	
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ξ This expected soil depth is from NRCS. Actual soil depths may differ substantially from those shown here.

Notes;

<sup>a</sup>parallel to the long side of the IH

<sup>b</sup>From tower point to this direction

<sup>c</sup>Clockwise from first angle, recommend reviewing FIU site characterization summary report

<sup>d</sup>From 1<sup>st</sup> plot toward other plots if pattern B, from 1<sup>st</sup> plot toward nearest neighbor (see diagram of the patterns)

<sup>e</sup>see Appendix A. Options for Soil Array, second figure.

<sup>f</sup>Tower Height is for FIU requirements; actual tower height will increase toward the next section height.

IH = instrument hut

AP = auxillary portal

\*burn information that may affect boardwalk, IH, or tower infrastructure, or other management activities